The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No. 1534—Sixth Year. BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1867. Circulation 2500

MAUA BANK,
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank :—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. Maua & Co.
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1867.

MAUÁ BANK
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101—103.

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor, .. 10 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.
For balances in our favor .. .. 10 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper "
Do. do. do. gold "
Do. 30 days' do. paper "
Do. do. do. gold "
Fixed deposits from "

P. P. Maua & Co.,
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1867.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river.

Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD

DIRECTORS.

Sor. Don Tomas Armstrong, President.
" Jacob Parraviani, Vice-President.
" Ambrosio P. Lezica.
" Enrique Tomkinson.
" Mariano Casares.
" Bernardo Yturraspe.
" Antonio Demarchi.
" Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

SIGHT DRAFTS.

Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from WANKLYN & Co.
No. 104 *Calle de San Martin,*
On the following places:—
London,
United States,
All brauches of the National Bank
Ireland,
Antwerp,
Paris
Genoa,

Buenos-Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864.
WANKLYN & Co.
104—Calle San Martin—104.
20 d3 x.

DENTIST.

275—Rivadavia—275.

Dr. Cornwall, the American Dentist, is prepared to perform operations for the preservation of the teeth and relieving pain, such as filing, extracting, cleaning off tartar, &c. He has constantly on hand an inexhaustible supply of the best incorruptible mineral teeth, which he inserts at short notice, without pain, from one to a whole set, to the great satisfaction of all who seek his services. Office, 275 Rivadavia.

p m29

Leopold Casati,

Ship Chandler, Paints, Glass, Hardware, &c.

Patent Floor-Cloth of every size, all kinds of Looking Glasses and Frames for Pictures made to order and at moderate prices.

102 CALLE 25 AGOSTO, MONTEVIDEO.
42,xp,d11

S S
O P A
A R K
D OTHER L I
Aerated N
A Waters, G
MANUFACTURED BY
W. CRANWELL,
W According to Schweppe's Process, L
SOLD E
A WHOLESALE AND RETAIL M
AT 30 RIVADAVIA. O
T N
PARTIES A
E SUPPLIED AT D
R THEIR RESIDENCES. E
139 | xp,d20

The Central Argentine Railway.

Train Time Table from 1st September, 1866.

	departure
From Rosario	7. 0 a.m.
" Roldan	7.48 "
" Cacaranal	8.48 "
" Cañada Gomes	9.38 "
" Tortugas	11. 0 "
" Los Leones	12.30 p.m.
" Frayle Muerto	2 "
	departure
From Frayle Muerto	8 a.m.
" Los Leones	9.20 "
" Tortugas	10.45 "
" Cañada Gomes	12.30 p.m.
" Cacaranal	1.10 "
" Roldan	2.10 "
" Rosario	2.45 "

The trains meet and cross each other at the Tortugas Station.

ROBERT OGILVIE,
General Manager.

146—xp m23.

MERCEDES.

THE CENTRAL HOUSE
OF
TORROBA BROTHERS
Has just received a Large Assortment of
T S C
E U O
A G F
S A R E
S
READY MADE CLOTHING,
&c., &c., &c.,
For the Coming Season, which will be
SOLD AS CHEAP AS IN BUENOS AYRES.

TEMPLE & VONDER WALL,
Cordoba Land and Sheep Agents,

Principal Office—
CORDOBA, CALLE CHACABUCO, No. 68.

Messrs. Temple & Vonder Wall beg to announce that they have opened the above agency for the disposal of Landed Property, Sheep, Houses, Plots of Land for Buildings, &c., in Cordoba and Province. The most satisfactory guarantee can be given to Owners and Purchasers desirous of availing themselves of the facilities offered by this agency, which has been established to supply a want long felt both by Owners and Purchasers.

Government Lands can also be bought through this agency. We have many fine lots already at our disposal both in the city and different parts of the province. 150 | 6m,a23

Public Land office

Notice is hereby given the tenants or occupiers of public lands who have not paid their rents, that same must be paid before the 31st inst after which they will incur the penalty appointed by law—Buenos Ayres, March 2nd, 1867.

9—m3 26p

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK
(LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80

Authorised Capital .....£2,000,000 sterling.
Subscribed Capital ..... £1,500,000 do.
Reserve Fund Jan. 1866.....£130,000 do.

Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances.

Customers have the advantage of drawing cheques—of having approved bills discounted—of obtaining loans upon negotiable securities—of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection—and of lodging with the Bank valuable property in the fire proof strong rooms for safe custody.

Deposit Accounts—Deposits received from the public generally—either for fixed periods or subject to seven or thirty days notice of withdrawal—Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Bill of Exchange—issued on the following places—

London,
Dublin,
Paris,
Antwerp,
Hamburg,
Genoa,
Rio de Janeiro,
Montevideo.
Rosario.

A. E. SMITHERS.
Manager,

Buenos Ayres—March 2, 1867.

London and River Plate Bank
(LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80.

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies in account current, } 4 per cent.
On do. do. for 90 days fixed, 6 "
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal, } 5 "

CHARGED.

On debit balances in account current in both currencies, } 8 per cent.

A. E. SMITHERS,
MANAGER.

Buenos Ayres, March 15, 1867.

Deafness.

ABRAHAM'S Celebrated Apparatus for Deafness.

49 Rue d'Angouleme St. Honoré a Paris.

Consisting of small voice conductors so placed in the ear as to be imperceptible, being the colour of the flesh, by which the sound is conveyed without any inconvenience and enables deaf persons to hear distinctly.

Numerous testimonials from persons who have experienced the most beneficial results from their use, with directions how to use them. May be seen at the office of this paper, or by applying at the Inventor pd. 44 Rue D'Angouleme St. Honore, Paris. Prices 15 francs the pair in silver, 20 francs the pair in silver gilt.

LANDED ESTATES OFFICE.

Directed by
DANIEL C. KELLY.

This office undertakes farming transactions in all its varied branches, under the supervision of the director, who, is an estated practical farmer of many years experience, full conversant with the Laws and country, and thoroughly acquainted with the nature and qualities of the pasture in the different localities.

Parties holding Title Deeds with any sort of flaw are hereby requested *not* to apply at this office—those who wish to sell lands through this office will be required to present their title deeds for examinatiou, as the director will not admit any transactions liable to lawsuits. Lands can be purchased at this office from Government or private parties, in any any part of the Republic. There are at present tracts of different sizes for sale and to rent. This office has branches all through the country, but the head office is adjoining the directors residence in the town of Las Flores, where application by letter through the Post or personally may be made. The city office is under the superintendance of Messrs. Natta and Wilkinson, Plaza 11 Setiembro.

0 58..xpw d m1

IMPORTANT TO MARINERS.

NEW LIGHT AT MADEIRA.

From 1st December, 1866, there will be a Lenticular Light at Fort Ithen, in the port of Funchal, Madeira, mounted on an iron column, It is a red light, 34 metres above the sea level, and visible eight miles in fair weather.

N. Lat., 32° 37′ 42″.
W. Long., 16° 55′ 20″.

BARON DA SOUZA.

Marine Department, Lisbon,
Nov. 14, 1866.

KEAN & GOERKE,

Grocers, Provision Dealers,
Ship Chandlers, Custom-House Agents,
and Camp Agents in General.

For Sale from 5,000 to 8,000 Sheep, also several Leagues of Land to Sell or Rent, &c., &c., &c. 76, 78, and 80 Calle Aduana, (Opposite the Hotel Colon),

ROSARIO.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Some misunderstanding having arisen respecting the facilities afforded to Brokers and consignees of Produce carried by the G S R Co.

Notice is hereby given that until further advice all consignees of Produce, and Brokers are allowed to sell from the Wagons and Galpones of the Company at the Central Station Plaza Constitucion, and for their further convenience they will be allowed to have their letters addressed to the care of the Company, and same will be duly delivered on application at the Ticket Office at Constitucion Station.

The Administration.

B. Aires, 26th February 1867. 186 | 1m.f.28

Removal.

The old established Upholster and Furniture Store of John Underwood has been removed from 69 and 71 Calle Potosi, to 95 in the same street. The undersigned takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous Customers for their liberal support, and begs that they will continue to favour him with their orders.

263 | 2m,f1 JOHN UNDERWOOD.

WATSON'S HOTEL.

BELGRANO,

TWO SQUARES FROM THE STATION,
Where one of the best Breakfasts and Dinners can be had in the Country.

☞ { BREAKFASTS, - $20 } ☜
{ DINNERS, - - - 25 }

The most Choice Collection of Wines, Spirits, and Fancy Drinks.

MONTHLY BOARDERS AT TOWN PRICES.

ENGLISH TAILOR,

39—CALLE DEFENSA—39.

JUST RECEIVED,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF
Spring and Summer Goods,
FOR
Men, Youths, and Boys,
ALSO
A Large Assortment of Ready-Made Clothing suitable for the Season.

GEORGE ELLIS,
39—CALLE DEFENSA—39.
194, xp—s29

Edward Jones, M D,

Member of Royal College of Surgeons, England, and Licentiate of Apothecaries' Society, London,
Consulting and Operative Surgeon,
PAYSANDU,
Banda Oriental.
125 | xp,m20

George H. Tucker,

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTANT,
10 CALLE PERU.
120 | 3p,m19

GUINNESS'S
Celebrated Extra Stout

in quarts and pints at
BARRY & WALKER'S,
Sole Agents,
97—Calle Defensa—97.
155—xp m26

FOR ROSARIO AND PORTS,

Passengers and Cargo, the Oriental Steamer SOLIS,
Captain ADOLFO FLORES.
Departure from the Tigre at Twelve o'Clock, TUESDAY and SATURDAY.
Passengers leave by the Railway at 10 o'clock. Station 25 de Mayo.
For more information call at the Agents, Alvarez and Risso, Reconquista, 99½.

English Family Wine Merchants

EDWARD MEDLICOTT & CO.

Beg to advise Consumers that we have received, per several steamers, from the first Wine Growers in Europe, the following choice assortments of Spanish, Portuguese, and French Wines, in cases, octaves, and quarter-casks, now on sale at our depot:—

Spanish Wines:

Superior Montillado....Duff Gordon.
Table Sherry..... do.
Do. .....Pemartin & Co.

Portuguese Wines:

Superior Port ....Offley, Cramp, & Co.
Do. do. ....Sanderman & Co.,
Do. Lisbon Port Medlicott & Co.
Do do. Table } do.
Wine .....
Collares Red Wine do.
Superior Dry Lisbon 1st & 2nd quality } do.
Superior Bucellas, 1st & 2nd quality } do.

French Wines:

Chateau Larose .. { James Violet & Co. Bordeaux.
Saint Jullien..... do. do.
Star Claret ..... do. do.
Haut Sauterne ....
Chateau Iquem....
Chateau Margeau..
Do. Lafite ....

Rhenish Wines.

Lielfranmilch ....
Ruvesheimer.....
Sparkling Moselle..
Do. Hock....

Ale and Porter:

An assortment of the following marks, in pints and quarts: Ind Coope, Wm. Younger & Co., always on hand.

Brandies:

J. & F. Martell, James Hennessy & Co., and other different marks to be had.

Champagne:

In pints and quarts of the well-known mark La Perte.

Besides the above we have always a supply of Marmalade, Jams, Preserved Fruits, Vinegar, &c., &c.

EDWARD MEDLICOTT & CO.,
33—RECONQUISTA—33.
AND
AGENCY IN MONTEVIDEO
74—CALLE 25 DE AGOSTO—74.

Quinta en venta.

Se vende indefectiblemente á mediados de Mayo por remate público, si no se haya realizado antes por venta particular, la hermosa casa quinta del finado Sr. D. Tomas Fair, sita sobre la barranca del Rio, con una cuadra de frente al Paseo Colon, entre las calles Cochabamba y Garay, y con 103 varas de fondo de Este á Oeste.

La casa consiste de 12 hermosas piezas entabladas ó enlozadas, cada cuarto tiene su chimenea se halla en buen estado y siempre ha sido considerada por una de las casas mas cómodas y buenas. Contigua á la quinta hay una caballeriza grande para 6 caballos, cocheria, cuatro grandes cuartos para sirvientas, cocina, algibe, pilets, pozo etc.

A mas hay una buona casita con cinco piezas, cocina etc., con frente á la calle de Cochabamba que se venderá separadamente ó con la quinta segun conviniese, estando enteramente aparte, ó puedo parte de ella.

La quinta, por la naturaleza de su terreno y su posicion dominante, és de las mas pintorescas; se halla poblada de árboles hermosos y antiguos olivos, paraisos, acacios, higueras y parrales.

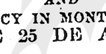
De los altos de la casa se tiene una vista estendida al Rio y á los alrededores de la ciudad, y campo al Sud; su entrada principal está en la calle Cochabamba por un hermoso porton de fierro con pilares grandes. Hay empedrado hasta cincuenta varas de la casa, al concluirse la estacion central del Ferrocarril de la Boca se podrá ir desde la quinta á la Plaza 25 de Mayo en 5 minutos. Para tratar ocurran al No. 7 calle Bolivar Plaza Victoria.

SITIOS EN VENTA EN LAS CALLES BALCARCE, GAREY Y PASEO COLON.—Igualmente y en la misma fecha se venderán los hermosos sitios en dichas calles, que consisten de un terreno en la calle Balcarce, formando esquina con la del Brazil, con 84 1|2 varas de frente al Este y 73 de fondo; otro en la misma calle, formando esquina con la de Garay, con 25 varas de frente al Oeste y 71 varas de fondo, y los demas de la cuadra recien nivelada, en la misma calle, entre Garay y Brazil.

Estos sitios se recomiendan á los especuladores por hallarse por ambos costados sobre los dos caminos principales por los cuales pasa el enorme tráfico de la Aduana y ciudad, con frente al Rio, que está desocupado.

Se recomienda muy especialmente por ser el punto mas á proposito para la construccion de almacenes y depositos de Aduana, hoy tan necesitados, pues con un ramal de 20 varas del Ferro-Carril de la Boca, los efectos desembarcados en la Aduana podrian almacenarse en 5 minutos, como igualmente los de la Boca; estas ventajas para el desembarque y embarque de los efectos salta á la vista.—Otra ventaja para edificios grandes es que el terreno es todo de tosca, ofreciendo seguridad para los cimientos.—Se llama tambien la atencion de la Municipalidad á esta cuadra, pues podrá convertirse en un hermoso paseo, embelleciendo la parte Sud de la ciudad, hasta hoy tan abandonada, y proporcionará á sus vecinos un punto de recreo y salubridad.

Para tratar, ocurrán al N. 7 calle Bolivar (Plaza Victoria). 84 | 1m. m.15.



Dr. P. Bourse,

SURGEON DENTIST,
Of New York,

Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 200 CALLE 25 DE MAYO, MONTEVIDEO. The beautiful suit of rooms are fitted up in the most modern style affording great facilities for Dental operations, combining excellent light with facility for privacy and comfort. He has recently received an addition of the most Modern and approved instruments with monthly information by each European Packet of the latest and most important improvements in Dental Science. Also, by the latest improved gas fixtures, can always afford relief to those suffering from Toothache, at night as well as in the daytime.

Montevideo, May 8, 1866.

GERMAN BURMEISTER,

Consignatario de frutos del pais,
Wool and produce broker,
105—CALLE VENEZUELA—105

F. Sprunck & Co.

103—CALLE ZAVALA—103.

Agents for the 'Standard,'

have constantly on hand,
Pianos of Pleyel, Wolff & Co., Paris.
Do of Edward Westermayer, Berlin.
Do of T. Sprunck, Berlin.
Do of J. Blüthner, Leipzig.
Music of all classes.
Stationery.
Books in English, French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Danish & Swedish.
A large assortment of Engraving and Photographs,
Charts and Maps.
English songs and sacred music.
Books for Children, &c.

T. SPRUNCK & Co.,
Montevideo, Calle Zavala No. 103,
220..xpsm6

"THE QUEEN"
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

INCOME, £160,000.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandize and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones, Produce in the Barracas or in Deposit Stores, in the Lighters or on Board; and on nearly every description of property.

Rates of premium vary according to the nature of the risks, and will be found as moderate as those of other first-class offices.

Losses by Explosion of Gas paid for. Loses by fire arising from lightning made good.

The advantages obtained by those who assure with the "Queen" are fully mentioned in the prospectuses. Life Policies are indisputable; advances to policy holders, &c. The "Queen" enoys to so great an extent the confidence and support of the public in England that the Postmaster-General has selected it, for the insurance of the lives of the clerks and other officials.

The undersigned General Agent of the Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company is duly authorized by power of attorney to issue policies and to settle and pay losses in Buenos Ayres with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the chief office in England.

Official registration has been entered in the Registro Publico, in accordance with the existing laws of this Republic.

Apply for Insurances and other details from 11 to 3 daily, No. 121 Calle 25 Mayo, corner of Corrientes, to

CONSTANT SANTA-MARIA,
General Agent of the Company.
181 1y—s3

THE NORTHERN RAILWAY.

From the 4th of February, 1867, and until further notice, the Trains will run as follows:—

DEPARTURE.

Stations.	1	2	3 First Days only.	4	6 Week Days only.
25 de Mayo.	6 35	9 45	11 45	2 15	4 40
Retiro.	6 50	10 ..	12 ..	2 30	5 ..
Palermo.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belgrano.	7 10	10 20	12 20	2 50	5 20
Rivadavia.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Olivos.	7 25	10 35	12 35	3 ..	5 35
San Isidro.	7 40	10 50	12 50	3 15	5 50
S. Fernando.	7 55	11 ..	1 ..	3 30	6 ..
Tigre.	8 10	11 20	1 20	3 50	6 20

Stations.	1 Week Days only.	2	3	4	5	6 Week Days only.	7 Feast Days only.
Tigre.	7 45	3 ..	6 ..	9 ..	11 ..	6 ..	7 ..
S. Fernando.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Isidro.	8 ..	3 15	6 15	9 15	11 15	6 15	7 15
Olivos.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rivadavia.	8 15	3 25	6 25	9 25	11 25	6 25	7 25
Belgrano.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Palermo.	8 30	3 40	6 40	9 40	11 40	6 40	7 40
Retiro.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25 de Mayo.	8 45	3 55	6 55	9 55	11 55	6 55	7 55

RETURN.

Stations.	1 Week Days only.	2	3	4	5	6 Week Days only.	7 Feast Days only.
25 de Mayo.	8 ..	12 ..	2 ..	5 ..	7 ..	8 ..	9 ..
Retiro.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Palermo.	8 15	12 15	2 15	5 15	7 15	8 15	9 15
Belgrano.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rivadavia.	8 30	12 30	2 30	5 30	7 30	8 30	9 30
Olivos.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Isidro.	8 45	12 45	2 45	5 45	7 45	8 45	9 45
S. Fernando.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tigre.	9 ..	1 ..	3 ..	6 ..	8 ..	9 ..	10 ..

Stations.	1 Week Days only.	2	3	4	5	6	7 Feast Days only.
Tigre.	7 ..	10 ..	1 ..	4 ..	6 ..	7 ..	8 ..
S. Fernando.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Isidro.	7 15	10 15	1 15	4 15	6 15	7 15	8 15
Olivos.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rivadavia.	7 25	10 25	1 25	4 25	6 25	7 25	8 25
Belgrano.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Palermo.	7 40	10 40	1 40	4 40	6 40	7 40	8 40
Retiro.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25 de Mayo.	7 55	10 55	1 55	4 55	6 55	7 55	8 55

RETURN.

Stations.	1 Week Days only.	2	3	4	5	6	7 Feast Days only.
25 de Mayo.	8 ..	11 ..	2 ..	5 ..	7 ..	8 ..	9 ..
Retiro.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Palermo.	8 15	11 15	2 15	5 15	7 15	8 15	9 15
Belgrano.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rivadavia.	8 30	11 30	2 30	5 30	7 30	8 30	9 30
Olivos.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Isidro.	8 45	11 45	2 45	5 45	7 45	8 45	9 45
S. Fernando.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tigre.	9 ..	12 ..	3 ..	6 ..	8 ..	9 ..	10 ..

The 3rd up train will start on feast days only.
The 6th " " week days
The 1st down train " " "
The 6th " " "
The 7th " " feast days
The 6th up train and the 2nd down train will not stop at Palermo.

The other trains will only stop at Palermo and Rivadavia in case there be passengers for those stations. Passengers wishing to get out at them should advise the guard of the train—without this precaution the trains will not stop.

On arrival and departure of steamboats the 2nd up and 2nd down trains will be for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

The 1st up train will cross in San Fernando with the 2nd down train.

The 2nd up train will cross in Belgrano with the 3rd down train.

The 4th up train will cross in Olivos with the 4th down train.

The 5th up train will cross in Olivos with the 5th down train.

Steamers which start from the Tigre in combination with the Trains—

Trains will start from the Retiro, in combination with the steamers, by the 10 a.m. train. For the days of sailing of the steamers, or other information, apply to the agents, where tickets can be had for Rosario, Paraná, and intermediate ports. Agents—W. Matti & Co, 30 Cangallo.

LA ADMINISTRATION.

Boca, Barracas & Ensenada Railway,

From and after Monday, March 25, inclusive, the Trains will run as follows:—

DEPARTURE.

Stations.	1 Week Days only.	2	3	4	5	6	7 Feast Days only.
Venezuela	6 ..	7 45	11 ..	2 ..	3 40	5 ..	6 ..
Tres Esquinas	6 30	8 15	11 30	2 30	4 15	5 30	6 30
Boca	7 ..	8 40	12 ..	3 ..	4 40	6 ..	7 ..

RETURN.

Stations.	1 Week Days only.	2	3	4	5	6	7 Feast Days only.
Boca	7 ..	9 ..	12 ..	3 ..	5 ..	6 ..	7 ..
Tres Esquinas	7 30	9 30	12 30	3 30	5 30	6 30	7 30
Venezuela	8 ..	10 ..	1 ..	4 ..	6 ..	7 ..	8 ..

From Monday, the 25th March, inclusive, the following alterations will be made in the Traffic: One third of the First Class Saloons will be converted into smoking apartments, with communication with the other part of the saloons. The cars hitherto used as Smoking Saloons will be used entirely for second class passengers. First class passengers will pay, as at present, five dollars, children from 3 to 10 years, three dollars; second class, three dollars, children two dollars. Return tickets, good for the day, will be given—first class eight dollars, children five dollars; second class five dollars, children three; also monthly tickets of first class for two hundred dollars.

Flag stations at Casa Amarilla and Barraca de Peña. Passengers wishing to alight there will give previous notice to the guard.

HARRY SIMPSON, Manager.

On and after the 15th day of November, 1866, the Trains will run as follows:

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

DEPARTS.

Stations.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Buenos Ayres	6 30	7 30	8 45	10 30	11 30	12 30	1 30	2 30	3 30	4 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 35	Chascomus
Plaza Constitucion,	6 40	7 40	8 55	10 40	11 40	12 40	1 40	2 40	3 40	4 40	5 40	6 40	7 40	8 45	Gandara
Barracas	6 48	7 48	9 3	10 48	11 48	12 48	1 48	2 48	3 48	4 48	5 48	6 48	7 48	8 53	Facia
Barracas al Sud.	6 51	7 51	9 6	10 51	11 51	12 51	1 51	2 51	3 51	4 51	5 51	6 51	7 51	8 56	Jeppener
Glew									4 18	5 18	6 19				Ferrari
Lomas de Zamora									4 55	5 55	6 55				Donselaar
San Vicente									5 24	6 24	6 55				San Vicente
Donselaar									5 55	6 28					Lomas de Zamora
Ferrari									6 28						Glew
Jeppener															Barracas al Sud.
Facia															Barracas
Gandara															Plaza Constitucion,
Chascomus															Buenos Ayres

RETURNS.

Stations.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Chascomus															Buenos Ayres
Gandara															Plaza Constitucion,
Facia															Barracas
Jeppener															Barracas al Sud.
Ferrari															Donselaar
Donselaar															San Vicente
San Vicente															Glew
Glew															Lomas de Zamora
Lomas de Zamora															Barracas al Sud.
Barracas al Sud.	6 —	7 15	8 37	9 —	10 —	11 —	12 —	1 —	2 —	3 —	4 —	5 —	6 —	7 —	Barracas
Barracas	6 3	7 18	8 40	9 3	10 3	11 3	12 3	1 3	2 3	3 3	4 3	5 3	6 3	7 3	Plaza Constitucion,
Plaza Constitucion,	6 11	7 26	8 48	9 11	10 11	11 11	12 11	1 11	2 11	3 11	4 11	5 11	6 11	7 11	Gandara
Buenos Ayres	6 20	7 36	8 58	9 20	10 20	11 20	12 20	1 20	2 20	3 20	4 20	5 20	6 20	7 20	Chascomus

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Barracas	5	3— 7	5	
Lomas de Zamora	15	10— 26	15	
Glew	25	20— 40	30	
San Vicente	40	30— 60	45	
Donselaar	50	40— 75	60	
Ferrari	65	50—100	75	
Jeppener	75	60—115	90	
Facia	90	70—135	105	
Gandara	110	80—165	120	
Chascomus	110	90—165	135	

xp,d7 THE ADMINISTRATION.

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WOOL BROKERS
AND
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173—Calle de las Piedras—173.
143..xp o21

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267—CALLE PIEDAD—267.

A new and well-appointed line of Omnibuses will leave this office for Giles and San Antonio on the odd days, returning on the even days; and for the on the 9th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 25th, and 29th, returning on the 2nd, 6th, 10th, 14th, 18th, 22nd, 26th, and 30th. The Protojida, for Navarro and Lobos, will start on the odd days, returning on the even days.

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Orden de salidas de Buenos Aires los dias 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, y 30.

Regreso los dias: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28 y 1.°

Precios—Los establecidos anteriormente.

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The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere."
CICERO.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1867.

MUTINY ON BOARD THE CHACABUCO

NARROW ESCAPE OF AN ENGLISHMAN.

FULL PARTICULARS FROM AN EYE-WITNESS

Rosario, March 17.

Again in difficulties, and this time we are grateful that life has been spared us. On the 8th inst. the Chacabuco, with 200 soldiers on board, came alongside of our ship, the Prince Albert, and at two o'clock, she taking us in tow, we proceeded on our course up the river. Three or four leagues above Esquina, at about 10 p.m. on the night of the 15th, we came to an anchor, and about 11 p.m. Mr. Wilder and I turned into our hammocks, which were swung on deck. At 1 o'clock on the morning of the 16th we were aroused from our slumbers by the noise of firing of guns, clashing of swords, and shouting of men. I jumped out of my hammock to ascertain the cause of the din, and you may imagine my surprise on finding that the soldiers on board the Chacabuco had mutinied and were shooting and cutting at everybody they could find. The officers finding that they could not subdue them made good their escape by jumping overboard and swimming for shore. The rebels after becoming masters of the Chacabuco boarded us, but we being both inferior in men and arms made for the cabin and fortified ourselves in it. Not wishing to be baulked of their prey the mutineers got up upon the cabin and commenced firing on us through the skylight, wounding Mr. Wilder in the hand and the steward in the chest, the latter so dangerously that he is not expected to live. We had been about two hours thus shut up when they offered us our freedom on condition that we would assist them to get on shore. The second mate, Mr. Wilder, and three or four sailors then came on deck, and we prepared to get the boat ready for them, but it having been exposed to the sun we found it leaked so much that it was impossible to use it; this infuriated them to madness, and thinking that we had done it on purpose to drown them we were all made prisoners, except the captain who was safely stowed away in his state-room looking after his wife. Their first intention was to put an end to us for supposed deception, but some rational ones among them said that if they killed us they should not be able to escape. They then held a council among themselves which lasted till daylight, when they came to the decision that if we would manage the steamer and land them we should live, to which we agreed. We went aboard of the steamer and fortunately found the engineers, who were hid away in the stock-hold, told them what had happened and asked them to get up steam and resume their posts, which they did, and in two hours' time we had run in shore and landed the rebels. After getting rid of the scoundrels our first impulse was to see what we had suffered. On board our ship we had only two wounded, Mr. Wilder and the steward, but found that we had been robbed of both our money and clothes, which had been effected while we were prisoners. On board the Chacabuco there were fourteen men missing, but whether they went with the soldiers or not cannot be said. We picked up the commander and a sailor after the steamer had left the barque, nothing the matter with them except stiffness by being in the water so long. The United States steamer Wasp came to our assistance, and the doctor on board of her attended to the wounded.

At 8 a.m. we cleared the marks of the night's work, and returned to Esquina, where another accident happened to us—we got aground, but I at once started in the Chacabuco for Rosario to get assistance. I saw the Minister of War to-day and he has promised to send a steamer up to lighten her.

As yet I cannot say the exact sum we lost, but the cash to myself amounts to £70, to Mr. Wilder £95, and to the captain £250, the whole of which I have no doubt will be refunded.

J. W.

THE WAR OF THE ANDES.

LATEST FROM RIO QUARTO

PAUNERO ON THE MARCH.

Advices from General Paunero's camp have been received in town up to the 16th inst. Horses had arrived from Santa Fé and Buenos Ayres, and in prime condition, but it requires the greatest care to keep them from wandering back to their 'querencias.'

A Council had been held in the General's tent, and it was decided that on the 19th the whole army was to be put in motion, and the march on St. Luis at once commenced. 'Gauchos' from that province had arrived at the encampment, and gave various and conflicting statements as to the position and strength of the rebels; but in San Luis the total force consists only of a few badly-armed men. Commander Quevedo, with a small band of National Government men, had marched on some 'Montoneros' in the country districts of San Luis: he had crossed the mountains of Cordova, and a fight or skirmish seemed imminent. The most important news is the assassination of one of the 'Montonero' chiefs, Gabriel Ontiveros. It appears that he was at a place called the Lomita, with about 200 men, when a slight dispute occurred, and one of his own men stabbed him mortally. He had some old grievance to avenge, and watched his opportunity. Ontiveros was a blood-thirsty 'gaucho' chief, disliked and feared even by his own men.

Videla is still in San Juan, and according to report is busy fortifying and ditching the town. His total strength was variously estimated at from 1,000 to 2,000 men, the greater part of which are infantry, but in the neighborhood of the city large relays of horses are kept.

Felipe Saa is still at Mercedes in San Luis, but his exact strength is not known. Some troops of bullock carts from Mercedes are on the road for Rosario, having managed to get a permit from Saa.

In Mendoza things are in the same state. The Governor has not been shot; levies have been made in the country districts of horses, &c. Great exertions had been made to suppress the sacking and license of the soldiers, which, as a matter of course, had caused much discontent. It was rumored that a small body of Chileno volunteers had seized a village: but this requires confirmation.

Colonel Conesa, with his men, arrived at Paunero's encampment on the 14th inst., four battalions, the 2d of Buenos Ayres. These troops will not march into the interior, but remain at Rio Cuarto as a reserve. The men are in the best spirits.

Commander Ayalo has taken military possession of Villa Nueva, and the troops from Rosario are quartered there.

Governor Luque, of Rosario, is sending Dr. Carlos Paz on a special mission to President Mitre. He will arrive in a few days.

There are grave complaints made about the open protection afforded to fleeing rebels in Cordova. In one town it is said there are fifty runaway rebels, who make no secrecy of their opinions, &c. A fellow, named Serapio Diaz, has some fifty men. He formerly belonged to the Chacho. This fellow travels about through Cordova.

TERRIBLE COLLISION.

AN OMNIBUS ALMOST CAPSIZED.

EXTRAORDINARY ESCAPE OF A DOG-CART.

Yesterday we received the details of a melancholy accident on the Cañitas road, a collision between a dog-cart and an omnibus; like collisions in the river of course there is no person to blame. An English dog-cart driven by a British merchant who is acknowledged to be one of the best whips in town, and who for years has "played with the ribbons," ran smash bang into an omnibus, that it appears could not under any circumstance be got out of the way. The scanty information at hand is sufficient to show that on the one part there was furious driving, and on the other unwieldy negligence, but if the case was taken before an Admiralty-Court (the proper tribunal for all collisions) we have no doubt the judge would condemn the omnibus driver. A gentleman's gig has here a priority and acknowledged right to go fast, and it is the business of omnibus drivers to keep on one side of the road, so as to allow private vehicles to pass; this however although contrary to the law of England, holds good here where Jack is as good as his master.

From the information which we have received the British merchant was driving along at a Long Island plank road rate; when he saw the 'bus he cracked his whip, and shouting out 'Faugh a ballagh' in Spanish pushed along, but the dull 'busman either did not understand the British merchant's Spanish or would not get out of the way, certes the more our friend shouted and cracked his whip the tighter the 'busman squeezed the dog-cart; in an instant there was a spill; down came the merchant and a nautical friend who was "conning" the gig. We are happy to say, however, that neither were hurt. Meanwhile in the omnibus all was excitement, grief, and anguish; the passengers shouted, the driver used unparliamentary language, and the horses stood on end. In the memory of the oldest inhabitant such a smash-up was never before known: the road was crowded. Our friend tried to explain and an altercation between the driver and the merchant ensued, in which we are bound to confess the latter proved victorious.

"For even though vanquished, he could argue still.
While words of learned length and thundering sound
Amazed the gazing ruffians ranged around;
And still they gazed, and still the wonder grow,
That one small gig could carry such a crow."

EDITOR'S TABLE.

On Thursday night the workmen on the Boca Railway were at work until daybreak. As the moon shone brightly, and the trains not running, Mr. Simpson and his men had a favorable opportunity to repair the damage done by the late flood. We came over the road yesterday morning: the Boca fields are all saturated with water, but the railway is all right and runs as usual.

At the Boca mole there is a large war steamer belonging to the Argentine Government: she is supposed to be either the Pavon or Libertad. The latter vessel went down to Montevideo for gunpowder last week.

Yesterday we heard of two sales of sheep in the partido of Ranchos, both small flocks but good Mestizas, at $20 by the cut. These sheep two years ago would have been considered cheap at $45. The owner, we suppose, is obliged to sell, not having room for them on his land, but it seems to us a grave error for sheepfarmers to force stock on a falling market, far better to rent some of the unoccupied Government lands in the 9 de Julio and give the sheep on halves to honest industrious men than to depress the market by making these forced sales. Sheep, we notice, are much cheaper in the south this season than in the north, and the cause of this is not any very greater increase in the flocks in the south than in the north, but that the farmers in the north have taken the precaution to secure camps outside for their surplus stock. We spoke with a farmer from Pergamino the other day who gives a most favorable picture of the estancia lands out there, and says that all who have gone out there and paid due attention to their sheep have done well.

Mr. Murray's letter on cholera, which we published yesterday, has caused much attention; his remarks on the improper license allowed the watermen to take water from the very spot occupied by washerwomen are to the point, and should not be overlooked. It is really monstrous to suppose that through the grossest negligence a sort of wholesale system of poisoning is tolerated in this city. Mr, Murray makes a charge against the Municipality for selling licence to take water from the most infested spots, which in England would cause a popular outburst, something of the Hyde Park business; Professor Murray seems such a master of the subject that we hope he will favor us with another essay; he makes one very cogent remark, and that is that fish live in the Ganges whilst they cannot exist in the Riachuelo.

The flood tide of Wednesday will leave millions of dead fish in the Riachuelo; we advise our readers of the fact in order that they may keep their doors and windows fast bolted to-night. As to the removal of the saladeros, no matter what the cost it should be effected, or at least if not, a canal cut to carry off the waste and offal from these establishments.

The crossing of the River Uruguay by Marshal Osorio, at the head of 3500 men, is an event apparently unknown to our colleagues. None of them have mentioned it, and yet it is of the highest importance; the march through the Misiones is, however, a very tedious business; Porto Algre exhausted a whole season in that country, which though once one of the most productive and fertile spots in South America, is to-day a howling wilderness. Sinbad's description of the magic lake up there is still fresh in our memory. The few natives that live in that lonely territory regard the lake with the greatest awe, and although it is full of islands, none have the courage to explore them, they even refrain from bathing in it. When Osorio reaches the banks of this mysterious lagoon he would confer a favor on the public by sending an exploring party on the islands, which it is rumored are thickly stocked with wild cattle.

At the Tranquera pass we hear a battle will take place; but the fact of the matter is that we have heard so much about impending battles that we think the wisest plan is to wait until some one of these great battles take place. The Paraguayans have a strong force at the pass, and if Osorio crosses at this point, a fight seems inevitable. So much is said of peace one day and terrible fighting the next that even our theory of probabilities may fall short. The Brazilian are however stronger to-day than ever they have been before since the war commenced, and it is high time for them to do something. The total strength of Lopez is put down at 10,000 men, and that of the Brazilians from 40,000 to 45,000 soldiers, but they want a leader, and our readers will hardly credit the fact that there are thousands of soldiers in both armies who never heard of Wellington, Napoleon or Bryan Borough.

In Montevideo everyone talks of the great conferences in Buenos Ayres, and the prevailing opinion is that the war will be concluded by means of North American mediation. We call attention however to some remarks on this mediation, which we cut from the New York *Herald* and publish to-day; they are very explicit, and speak volumes.

The *Nacional* of Thursday publishes a rumour which speaks of Dr. Rawson's retirement from the Ministry; the subject is by no means new, but as far as we can learn our talented Minister waits the arrival of Sr. Sarmiento: the cause of its change is ill-health.

The Provincial Bank has ordered $40,000 to be distributed amongst the Comisarios and policemen who detected the false five thousand dollar bills and the forgers. The Directors have already held a meeting to consider about building a proper bank establishment; they are hurried to this question by their neighbor the London and River Plate, whose new bank will eclipse everything in Buenos Ayres; as yet nothing definite has been done but we hear that the Provincial Bank Directors are determined not to be outdone, and the new building will be of Martin Garcia granite, and possibly as high as the Hotel de la Paix.

News has come from Montevideo that the allies have run out of powder at Tuyuti, and that all the powder in Montevideo has been bought up at remunerative prices.

The people of Montevideo are very justly alarmed as to the possibility of cholera being imported from Brazil. One case it is feared has already occurred; a post mortem examination has been held on the body of Sergeant Albornoz, who died in 13 hours.

Where is John Shaw? (Juan Saa) Nobody seems to know of this gentleman's whereabouts, whose movements are as mysterious as Head-Centre Stephens, who one day is in private lodgings in Brooklyn, and the other day in Paris. Saa is not in the Argentine Republic, at least if we are to believe the European papers; he was in Bordeaux on the 6th Feb. and thence took his passage to Panama, from whence he will probably start for Chile.

The French war steamer Guiches, will shortly leave Montevideo for the Pacific, this is a favorable opportunity for merchants to write.

A rather noval case occured in the law courts on Thursday, a young lady of surpassing beauty and elegant dress, appeared amongst the lawyers and escribanos. to defend her rights; in a case which was being tried, A gentleman who was present (a bachelor), states he never before witnessed such a display of feminine eloquence, she called for document after document, argued the question, and wound up with one of those stirring appeals, which only a woman conscious of her rights and writhing under wrongs and injustice, can attempt. As yet no judgement has been given, but our informent states that the whole court, judge, lawyers, and audience were in her favor.

The newspaper of Corrientes gives a very extraordinary account of Col. Caseres, and from what we can gather there is a split amongst the Correntino chiefs about something. Things look out of joint in Corrientes, and but for the heavy trade doing with the army we might expect trouble in that quarter.

The escort that attended Mr. Washburn from the Marquis Caxias' hut was permitted to pass three lines of ditches, which they hastily inspected; further on ahead they discovered two ditches and an abattis, but they were not allowed to pass any further. When the Minister had passed in and the escort returned the Brazilians opened fire on the spot where he had passed, but the Paraguayans did not reply.

The mate of the Austrian barque Amphitrite, M. Santo Lanvicini, leaves for Europe in the packet; he wishes to return his heartfelt thanks to all who so nobly assisted him; his ship will be sold by auction on Wednesday.

A new bank, under the republican title Banco del Pueblo,' is about to be started in Montevideo. Verily that city is the land of banks. We hardly think there is room for the new concern.

LATEST FROM ROSARIO.

PAUNERO SHOEING HIS HORSES.

March 21, 1867.

(From our own Correspondent.)

I have a letter from Rio Cuarto, dated the 12th instant. Paunero had not moved at that date, but was to march within five or six days. His delay has been caused by the necessity of shoeing his horses, and it is only within a few days back that he received the proper material. We may suppose that by this date he has marched upon Mercedes or San Luis, where Saa is posted with the bulk of the revolutionists of that province.

Paunero has five thousand men, sufficient to put down the revolution, even if it embraced the whole of the Interior.

I understand that the rebels are only strong in San Juan. Mendoza contains very few troops, and in Rioja there is nothing but a 'Montonera.' The retreat of Paunero from San Luis is severely criticized by an officer of the army, who says it was unnecessary, and has only served to inspire confidence amongst the revolutionists: that the retreat was determined upon on a false hypothesis that the National troops were surrounded and in danger, whereas no such danger existed. There may be some truth in this statement, but, after all, it is only the opinion of an individual, who is as liable to error as any other. I am rather of opinion that the man who had the courage or rather the temerity, to attack Corrientes with a handful of troops, in the face of an overwhelming force of the enemy, is not the man to retreat before an imaginary danger. I know the general opinion at the time was that Paunero had placed himself in a critical position, and that his retreat upon Rio Cuarto was a judicious military move.

The Cordovese Minister, Bouquet, had a conference of long duration with General Paunero (so says the *Eco*), and had assured the latter that the Government of Luque was decidedly a favorite of the nation. The same paper states that Videla and Olascoaga are in San Juan with 1,500 men,

The National Guards stationed at Villa Nueva have revolted and dispersed. It is evident the popular policy of Cordoba is not to be depended on. From a prisoner taken by Paunero, it is stated that Saa is 3,000 strong in Villa Mercedes, besides the forces at Achiras, under Dominguez and Saturnino Oyarzabal. Undoubtedly the number of Saa's forces is exaggerated, but even giving credence to the outside figures, the compact little army of Paunero will drive them like chaff before the wind. The Tucuman army, under General Roje and the Governor Posse, had arrived at Catamarca, 2,800 strong, in infantry and cavalry,

The *Eco* publishes a letter from Rioja, in which it is stated that many atrocities are committed by the insurgents, and that a young Chileno, Sotomayor by name, has been assassinated. As the writer confesses that he had been hiding in a cave for some time, it is charitable to suppose that his version of the state of affairs is not strictly to be depended upon.

You will have received intelligence in Buenos Ayres of the revolt of the Salta Contingent on board the Chacabuco, on the way to Corrientes. The revolt occurred opposite La Paz, and although reports go to say they murdered their officers, I believe no such thing happened. My remarks about the 'morale' of these men, in a former letter, seem to have been prophetic. They have landed in the Chaco, in the vicinity of the Colony, which, I trust, they will not prejudice in any way. From this point they will strike a 'bee line' for their homes.

THE GOVERNORS TRIP.

Yesterday we received despatches from the camp; Governor Alsina's trip has been one continued ovation. When he left San Vicente nearly one hundred estancieros and sheep farmers, all well-mounted, accompanied H.E. along the road to Cañuelas, the whole country in fact turned out to see the young man who rules the Province of Buenos Ayres. As they approached the town the whole population of Cañuelas walked out to meet him, carriages, horses, fire crackers, carts, even wheelbarrows; such a turn out was never before seen in the country. At 8 o'clock at night the whole cortege entered Cañuelas; at the Municipality a grand banquet was spread, and the band struck up the National Hymn, and the affair wound up with a ball at the Club. On the following day (St. Patrick's day) the Governor inspected the schools (40 children;) in the afternoon races, the Governor mounted on a fine charger mixed with the people, and all seemed to enjoy the scene; another grand dinner and another grand ball closed this day—next day the Governor attended to some business matters, and in the afternoon started for Guardia Monte. On the road they were met by a cavalcade and they all dashed into Guardia amidst the greatest cheering, and passing under the triumphal arches. At Monte another ball, but the Governor only stopped for a little while and then pushed on to Las Flores, from whence we expect to hear this day. The people are all well pleased at the Governor having gone out to see them. We call His Excellency's attention however to the abrojo question, and hope he will insist on the Municipalities having it all cut down.

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

Yatayty, March 14, 1867.

The British Attaché, Captain Watson, arrived on Sunday and repaired at once to the Generalisimo's tent. He had a long interview with the Marquis Caxias, and on 18th inst. sent some despatches to the U. S. Minister in Asuncion. Mr. Washbourne happened to be with the army and no time was lost in sending to the capital. Strange to say this gentleman did not reply in the usually diplomatic way, but sent over a flag of truce demanding a conference; the request was granted, and the Minister appeared accompanied by a brilliant escort; he proceeded to headquarters, whilst the escort, amongst whom was Lopez's eldest son, remained with the Oriental vanguard.

At 7 o'clock this morning the Minister took his leave; he was accompanied by Caxias and staff to the front of our lines, where he was met by his escort; the white flag was again hoisted and away they galloped to their own lines.

These unusual demonstrations caused much surprise, and their every movement was anxiously watched by us all. For some time past rumors of peace were current, and all were trying to catch the least word that could confirm them, but the greatest caution was everywhere observed, and up to the present nothing has divulged to throw the least light on the matter. The return of the peace party was the signal for renewing hostilities; scarcely had they crossed the lines when the white flag was pulled down, and every man returned to his post; a couple of hours later we opened on the enemy with fifty pieces, to which they replied with one.

The other day a deserter was brought in; he represents himself as belonging to the Cordova battalion, and that he was made prisoner on 24th of May; a watch has been put on him, as he is generally regarded as a spy of Lopez.

THE MUNICIPALITY.

Two months have now passed since the installation of our 'city fathers,' without the slightest effort of theirs to ameliorate the wretched condition of our neglected city. We regret to have to say so, but unless the Municipality direct their attention to some more important subjects than what they have hitherto wasted their time over, the public will receive but little advantage from their labors, and the most ardent believer in the new Board will be disappointed in their expectations. Unfortunately the new members have not been bettered by the sad spectacle of their retiring predecessors, and those all-important subjects, which should have absorbed their whole attention since the first moment they assembled around the civic board, has not yet even claimed a passing thought.

The Gran Chacho scheme for supplying the city with water has been thrown aside, and since they have taken the matter out of the hands of any private company, they let the affair quietly rest. The last move they made was to decree that the works were to be constructed by the Municipality without ever troubling their heads as to how, when, or where, the funds were to come from.

The National Schools, on which so much has been spent, are in many respects no better than before.

The Southern Cemetery, the ground for which has been long since handed over, has not yet been even measured or laid out, notwithstanding the growing necessities of a rapidly-increasing population. The Recoleta remains in the same choked up condition as ever, and although the clamor of an indignant public still rings in our ears, no movement has yet been made.

The health of the citizens is threatened by the filthy state of our streets and public thoroughfares.

The 'corrales' and killing-grounds are in the same abominable state they have been in for the last half century.

Public property, whose improvement would so well repay the Corporation, besides beautifying the city, are left bare and neglected.

The hackney coachmen, setting at naught the able code so lately drawn up, are hanging about our leading streets, sooner than pay for their stand in the Plaza, to the serious inconvenience of business.

Our city markets are impassable, for want of an inspector to clear away the refuse: meat and vegetable remains cover the earth at every step.

These and other matters of a like importance are what should command the consideration of the 'city fathers,' and thus only can they prove themselves worthy of the confidence of the people. This therefore is our programme; no half-measures will do; we must have it done well, and we call on the Municipality to do it at once.—*Tribuna.*

SHEEP FARMING AND BREEDING.

I have before me Mr. Grieben's letter in the *Standard.*

I certainly consider that Mr. Grieben's first letter was calculated to mislead, when he represented (gratuitously) my stock as subjected to a treatment the reverse of that which they receive, and the vigor which this race has attained as the result of "hot-house" treatment. It being a recognised fact in the science of breeding that hot-house treatment is not calculated to engender vigor, it is equally a fact that hot-house treatment, or the forcing treatment of stimulation of the skin, produces the conditions of the Negretti, viz., very thick skin folds, and but little fat or carcase.

Whatever the descent of the large proportion of weedy animals I have seen imported, it stands to reason and the evidence of the senses that they are unfitted in themselves as reproducers of anything but inferior and unprofitable stock. I maintain that their long pedigrees, granting they had them ever so long, could not compensate for their degeneracy and weediness. My doctrine is, that profitable reproducers can only be bred from the highest class of vigorous rams, and that these reproducers require to be bred in harmony with the surrounding conditions of climate, &c.; and I do not doubt that Mr. G. knows this as well as I do. There are very much better animals of Negretti blood reproduced in this country from really high caste Negretti sires specially imported, than are 19 20th of those imported for sale; for instance, those of Mesars. Martinez de Hoz, Stegman, and several others.

Mr. G. is quite correct in stating that the smaller part of the lambs in this country are got by imported animals. But a very large portion of them are got by descendants of weedy imported animals, injudiciously reared, and therefore inheriting confirmed degeneracy.

I do not coincide in opinion with Mr. G. in his doctrine that an inferior animal with a long pedigree is preferable to a well-formed vigorous one, possessing the qualities of general usefulness, tho' with a shorter pedigree. After a certain fixity of general type has been attained, special quality and corresponding form and vigor must take precedence, for all purposes of utility.

Product in grease and a good heavy fleece of sound useful wool (not oil of wool) is what is required to make sheep farming profitable in this country; and a well-formed, sufficiently well-bred, vigorous, acclimatised animal, of good carcase and fatting quality and much wool, according to the rules determining profitable farming, can alone give maximum results. I have, I think, sufficiently explained this law, bringing out results in figures, which must, of course, prevail over mere assertions.

I think I have been sufficiently explicit in stating that the whole system generally practised has been bad, and I have given it as the reason for that wretched condition of the majority of the flocks of the country, which Mr. G. acknowledges they present. And it is to regenerate these flocks that I say we must use sires of greater size and vigor and better fatting quality than the Negretti race possesses, and give their progeny a better treatment than the accustomed one. The public can judge if this is or is not a self-evident proposition, let the race be what it may that is adopted.

Of course the Rambouillet, or George the III. Merinos, will degenerate under improper treatment, as the descendants of the Negretti have done so lamentably throughout this country. Therefore it is that I so repeatedly say, a more rational treatment and a vigorous acclimatised race of generally profitable quality sires is necessary. And in the category of these qualities, with Mr. G.'s permission, though in direct contradiction to his expressed opinions, I most decidedly assert that fatting quality must take a first rank; meat will probably come in course, but meanwhile fat, wool, and skin. Sheepfarmers must realize the greater part of their increase in the vat, and this many are now doing, and more preparing to do.

I am a little puzzled by two gentlemen's opinions on one of the points in controversy with me. Mr. Hannah declaims against Rambouillet wool on account of its not having greasy matter o make it weigh heavy, Mr. Grieben on account of its greasy feeble nature—at the same time he considers that the grease of the Negretti is about its greatest good! The strength of the Rambouillet wool is unquestionable, and as regards its value the market is sufficient test. I believe I am correct in stating that by far the highest price has been obtained for Rambouillet wool, also that the buyers object to wool heavy in grease as a rule.

In nearly all parts of the world the tendency is towards a more generally productive animal than the Negrette—in Germany itself, in Spain, England, France, and Australia, where I know for a fact they look very much to size in their Merino flocks; and here in the River Plate, where by far the greater part of the flocks are of German Merino descent, it is found that the sheep do not pay on lands of high value, as fat, wool, and skin producers. $15 or $25 per head will give but a poor return on land and plant that has a value of $800,000 per league. We must breed sheep for profit, not for fancy wool; and the question is, what race will prove the most profitable under our circumstances, and what is the most desirable treatment? I have published my views, both in England and here.

I can in no wise excuse Mr. Grieben's doubting my word. He may question and combat my views, but not write that he questions my word—a thing utterly inadmissable among gentlemen. I re-assert that the wool sold at Mr. Billinghurst's, to which I referred, was clipped from ewes that had been bred and lambed 'a campo,' and that were never under a galpon in their lives, nor even under the shelter of a tree, nor were their dams, grand-

dams, or great-grand-dams before them, and that they were pastured on lands that had trevoil, cardo, &c., as well as the various natural grasses found on camps not over-stocked, and which grasses are a protection against caretilla, dust, &c. Hence the good condition of the wool.

In Germany, as in Australia and elsewhere, Ramqouillets are used to get more profitable stock than the smaller races of Merinos—more fat, more wool, and more carcase. The Rambouillet eats more, of course, than smaller animals, but it yields relatively more for the food consumed; if it were not so, it would not be resorted to in Germany and other places, as Mr. G. admits it is.

Here I repeat, the evil of sheep-farmers is, that they have been advised to look, and have looked. to wool alone, and not to grease and wool; and the result is that their stock is deficient in both, as was only to be expected from the treatment given to the most fancy race of sheep that exists, viz., the German Merinos.

Monstrosities of skin-folds fatal to fatting qualities, and very extensively collected information, confirm me in my assertion of the tendency to scab in the Negretti in a marked degree. Of course, bad treatment and dirt increases this tendency.

I trust I have sufficiently answered Mr. Grieben, and deem it unnecessary to continue further this discussion with him. Bidding him adieu, therefore, I leave the matter to the judgement of the public.

W. LATHAM.

Cabana de los Alamos,
17th March, 1867.

BENITO JUAREZ.

There is an ordinary looking house in Chiuahua with a single sentinel at the door. Two or three aids occupy the rooms on the right of an interior court yard. On the opposite side of this is the office of the Minister of the Interior, on the immediate right that of Foreign Relations, and on the left that of the President, in whose hands has rested the destiny of Mexico since the Fench invasion. Entering the parlor on the left you find that, like every other surrounding of the government, it is a type of republican simplicity. The only ornaments are a few historical paintings hanging upon the walls. Among them is a portrait of Yturbide. Pushing aside the curtains from the door of an interior room, a quiet, unassuming man advances to meet you. A courteous greeting, a frank grasp of the hand and a cordial invitation to be seated place you at once at your ease. He is perhaps five feet five inches in height, thick set and with a broad, full chest, which gives him a powerful vitality. A bold, rounded and high forehead, very slightly receding from a vertical line: eyes large and swimming in liquid blackness; finely cut eyebrows, arched and curving far back; a goodly development of practical as well as theoretical brain; the nose, like the other features, rather heavy; a large mouth; a head good sized, well balanced and seated firmly upon a pair of broad shoulders by a short neck, are the main features of the man. While at rest his Indian colored features do not show the power behind them; but once kindled to action the brain illuminates every one of them; and the black eyes flash a peculiar light as if to give more forcible expression to his language. A quiet, unyielding determination, and a firm reliance upon self, are the impressions you gain of him upon acquaintance You converse upon politics and find that your ideas are not more thoroughly republican than his; you speak of war and his military knowledge meets you half way; you turn to political economy and find that you propose nothing that he has not analyzed, and you finally leave him with the impression that you have met one of the ablest men that Mexico has produced.

You have met Benito Juarez. He is by birth an Indian of the ancient Zapoteco race, which at the time of the conquest was one of the most powerful in Mexico. He was born in 1806 in the State of Oajaca, near the village of Ixtlan.

At twelve years of age he fled from his uncle, to whose care he had been left by his parents, who had died nine years before, and went to the city of Oajaca with the object of learning the Spanish language. At that city he encountered a Señor Antonio Salaneuva, a bookbinder, who, attracted by the rare natural gifts of the boy adopted him, and gave him the best education within reach. The youth soon graduated with high honors at the College of Oajaca, commenced the practice of law, and rose rapidly to distinction. In 1846 he was elected to Congress, after having occupied numerous honorary positions in his native State. He soon after became President of the Superior Court of Justice of Oajaca, and in 1847 was elected Governor of that State. In this position he urged numerous public improvements, infused life into the development of mines and manufactures, and, by establishing numerous schools, he gave an impetus to educational interests. In 1852 he filled the chair of civil law at the institute of Oajaca, and afterwards became permanent President of the Institute. At this time, by the advocacy of liberal institutions, he attracted the attention of the reactionary government, then under the dictatorship of Santa Anna, was exiled, and retired to New Orleans.

The revolution of Ayotla in 1854 enabled Juarez to return to Mexico, and in 1855 he was again elected Governor of his native State. When Alvarez became President, *ad interim*, after the overthrow of Santa Anna and the Church party, Juarez became Secretary of State for the department of Justice, Ecclesiastical Affairs and Public instruction. Under his Secretaryship was issued the law abolishing military and ecclesiastical 'fueros,' giving, for the first time in Mexico, equality before the law. Again Governor of Oajaca, he was in 1856 elected to the national Congress from the State of Mexico; but that Congress conceded to him the license to retain the Governorship of his State, he did not take his seat with them.

In the first election under the Constitution, the progressias party nominated Jurez for President, but Comonfort became the successful candidate. He was however, in November of the same year, elected President of the Supreme Court of Justee, and became, by virtue of that office, Vice President of the Republic. Upon the flight of Comonfort Juarez became President. From that date his history is that of the country.

OUR MEDIATION IN SOUTH AMERICA

(New York Herald, Jan. 26.)

A rumour is current that Mr. F. W. Seward's trip to the West Indies has some connection with the difficulty between Spain and the South American Republics; that in fact that gentleman is on his way to Chile in the capacity of mediator. A little reflection will show the incorrectness of the rumour; for it would ill comport with the dignity of a representative of our Government to present himself on such a mission before he had been invited by those who are supposed to require his services. Our Government, it is true, have tendered their good offices, through the Secretary of State, as mediator between Spain and her former colonies; but as yet, there is no sign of an acceptance of this friendly proposal on the part of the Spanish-American Republics. Spain has done all she can do in the premises by kindly accepting this proffered mediation, at which France and England have already tried their hands in vain; though their failure to arrange matters has not yet been made known to the world officially. But we may safely conclude that they have failed, and we would aske why? As far as our information on this point extends—and we know it to be correct—the fault lies with the South American Republics. Relying on the sympathies and anti-European prejudices of all America, from the great lakes to Cape Horn, they hope and expect to make the Spanish war drag on indefinitely. In their blind and fanatical hatred of Spain, whose blood is in their veins, whose language they speak, and whose religion and literature they cherish, they expect us to join them. Do they imagine that it is our interest to foster a war which might have been terminated honorably months ago but for their own passion and characteristic Quixotism?

Our interest is to have peace all around us. We are keener after a trade than a quarrel. If need be, we can fight for ourselves and for our friends, and as far as Republicanism on this continent is concerned the South American Republics may rest satisfied that they are under our protection. No European Power can encroach upon their established institutions. But we protect them for the purpose of promoting peace, industry, and thrift for the interest and welfare of their people and our own. The example we set our Spanish-American neighbours in this respect is followed very slowly, iff at all. If they understood us and our ideas as thoroughly as we understand them, they would get along in the world much better and give less cause for mediation. The war with Spain was needless. A compromise was offered by her Government which, under all the circumstances, should have been accepted; for the Republics have not been blameless, while Spain has had to suffer during a long series of years many indiguities and outrages in the persons and property of her subjects resident in those countries. She had much graver cause of complaint than they, and yet she was the first to propose a compromise, which was scornfully and absurdly rejected. This is the story in a nutshell. And we desire all South America to understand that, while we will protect them, we wish well to Spain and shall not be made a party to her unjust bumiliation.

THE PROVINCIAL LOAN.

This subject is too important to be disposed of by the few flippant remarks made by W. S.; and the trick of disconnecting sentences, in order to make your adversary speak a language other than that really used has not at least the merit of novelty.

No safety can exist for the community with regard to the currency, unless a radical change is effected, and in place of the present notes, others substituted, which shall express on their face their value in specie.

The loan now proposed is "worse than useless," because it tends to perpetuate the present form of circulating notes, and consequently "the government is mistaken as to the ease with which the conversion can be effected" on the proposed basis. But "the remedy may easily be made" by adopting that mode of conversion which will be as durable as the confidence which it inspires.

With regard to the measures best adapted to awaken and secure that confidence, a good deal has already been said in previous articles, and at this moment need not be repeated.

The abolition of the Fiscal privilege is a very weighty subject, and demanded by the best interests of the community. The prosperity of the Bank and of commercial men being identical, no power can be beneficial to the former which cramps and restrains the energies of the latter.

PATAPSCO.

BETWEEN HEALTH and the GRAVE there is but a thin partition, and all who value life are willing, it is presumed, to do their best to prevent disease from breaking it down. Who so mad as to await the final attack, when the first onset can be repelled with **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills**, a preparation so genial and balsamic, so searching, yet so invigorating, that while it fights down the complaint, and expels its cause, it also builds up the strength and braces the constitution of the patient. Composed of antibilious and cathartic vegetable ingredients, at once safe and searching, it is the only cure for disorders of the stomach, the liver, and the bowels, which be relied upon under and circumstances, and in all climates. The idea of pain is justly associated with ordinary purgatives; but **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills** do not create even an uneasy sensation, either in the stomach or the alimentary passages. Need it be said that they are the best household cathartic and alterative at present known? They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARRILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 409

ON 'CHANGE.

March 22, 1867.

Fixed price of Ounces,		$400
Do.	Sovereigns,	122½
Do.	Patacons,	25
National Bonds		53½

The excitement this day on the Bolsa was most intense. Bonds opened at 59, with every appearance of going higher, when some brokers who had been buying largely attempted to realize, and quite a panic ensued. Every broker suddenly turned round and tried to sell, Bonds finally closing at 55. In the liquidation-room they fell to 53½, at which there remained buyers.

The unexampled rise lately experienced may in some measure explain the cause of the present weakness in these securities, as those who had bought cheap wished to realize with a profit. But the same arguments that we have previously used as to the advantage of buying these securities as investment still hold good, and should the price decline any further we may anticipate that the public will buy largely. It is in the interest of the brokers that the Bonds should fluctuate, so the public must not be astonished at the ups and downs of these securities.

Of one fact every one should be convinced, that either the Public Funds are really worth 66, or nothing at all.

The sales to-day were as follows:

1,000	..	59
14,000	..	57½
34,000	..	57
14,000	..	56½
1,000	..	53½
4,000	..	55½
2,000	..	55½
1,000	..	55

Total, cash, 71,000.

24,000	for the 28th March, at	57½	
141,600	" 31st " at	57½	to 54½
30,000	" 30th April at	55	to 53½

Exchange 49 to 49⅛; not much done, there being but little desire to remit, as money in Europe is so cheap; on France 5.12 to 5.15.

Wools: Great animation in the South market, a large quantity of wool changed hands, at various prices up to 70; clean lots are readily bought up.

The auction sale at Perez Mendoza's cabaña proved a great failure. Pure negretto borregas at 250, and pure rams at 400.

SALTED HIDES.

6,000 [Gualeguaychu] salted ox	49 rls
3,000 do cow	33 "
1,300 Entre Riano hides	46 "
140 chiguas wool, [Correintes]	21 "

The news from England per Uruguay is rather unfavorable for tallow.

The Falcon, from Boston, has arrived with dates to the 5th February.

The Humboldt leaves on Monday for Liverpool.

BIRTH.

On the 19th inst., at 80½ Calle Temple, the wife of A. E. Smithers, Esq., of a son.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO,
99½ Calle Reconquista.
Oriental steamer Rio de la Plata, on Saturday, at 10 a.m., for Salto and ports.
Italian steamer Tevere, on Saturday, at 10 a.m., for Colonia.
Oriental steamer Villa del Salto, on Saturday, at 5 p.m., for Montevideo.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF W. MATTI & CO.,
30 Calle Cangallo.
The steamer Tala, on Sunday, at 10 a.m., for Rosario, Paraná, and Santa Fé. From the Railway Station Retiro.
The steamer Cisne, on Sunday, at 10 a.m., for Corrientes and ports.
The steamer Rio Parana, on Monday, at 6 p.m., for Montevideo.

Mr. Beymore E. Pym.
A letter for him at 160 Piedad. 153 | 6p,m23

Mr. Frederick Stella Settle.
A letter for him at 160 Piedan. 154 | 6p,M23

Potatoes!
At 130 Reconquista there is an inexhaustible supply of superior Potatoes for Seed and Table use 149 | 3p,m23

Apples!
A large quantity of the best and ripest Apples for sale at 130 Reconquista.
N.B.—Trade supplied on moderate terms. 150 | 3p,m23

To Parents and Guardians.
EVENING TUITION.
96—CALLE INDEPENDENCIA—96.
The undersigned having been requested by several of his Friends to establish an Evening Class for both sexes, begs to inform them and the Public that he will commence one on the 1st of April next. The Pupils will be invited once a month to pass a few hours in the study and recreation of dancing, at which time a master will attend, but for whom no charge will be made. Singing Class once a week. Terms may be obtained at the above address. Early application is requested.
AUGUSTUS POWELL.
145 | 9p,m22

Genuine Angastora Bitters,
AT
NEWNHAM & CO.'S, MONTEVIDEO.
147 | 6p,m22

Cadiz Salt Retailing Afloat,
APPLY TO
WOODGATE BROTHERS, 42 SAN MARTIN.
142 | 1m,m22

New Zealand and Australia.
The Steamers of the Panamá, New Zealand, and Australian Royal Mail Company (Limited) run monthly between Panamá, New Zealand, and Sydney, in connection with the Steamers of the Royal Mail Steampacket Company, taking Passengers and Cargo for all ports in New Zealand, and for Sydney and Melbourne. Handbooks, containing full particulars, may be obtained on application to the
AGENCIES:
LIVERPOOL—
C. E. Hamilton, The Temple, Dale Street.
GLASGOW—
Aitken, Lilburn, & Co., 86 Buchanan Street.
BUENOS AYRES—
Royal Mail Steampacket Agency, 77 Calle Mayo.
PARIS—Pritchard & Monneron, 4 Rue Rossini.
NEW YORK—Charles W. West.
PANAMA—W. G. Sealy.
HAVRE—Marcel & Co.
146 | xp,m22

Havana Cigars.
Just received ex Amalia, direct from Havana, a splendid assortment of Genuine Havana Cigars, among which the well-known brand of H. Upman, in various sizes, and many others, at Clausen & Rathje's, 78 Calle San Martin. 148 | 8p,m22

HILLNER Y ROJAS
18. — CALLE DE LA VICTORIA. — 18.
Fronting the Aduana Nueva.
The undesigned have formed Co-partnership for the transacting of Maritime despatches in the Customs and of vessels in the River coasting trade.
They hope by activity intelligence and probity to merit public patronage.
HERACLIO HILLNER, MANUEL ROJOS.
March 18, 1867. 136 | 6p. m.21

To a Family going to England.
A young Person, wishing to return to England, is desirous of meeting with a family in which she could assist. Address M. M., at this Office.
132 3p—m21.

A Letter
For Mr. Robert Murray at 24 Calle Reconquista.
128 | 3p,m20

Royal Mail Steam Packet Company.
The Royal Mail Steam Packet "ARNO," J. Bruce, Commander, will leave this port for Montevideo and Rio de Janeiro, on Wednesday, March 27, 1867. At Rio de Janeiro the Arno will meet with and will transfer to one of the Company's Transatlantic Packets Passengers and Freight for the following Ports, viz., Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent (Cape de Vera Islands), Lisbon, and Southampton.
Passengers by this vessel are requested to embark before Four p.m. on the above-named day, as the "ARNO" will leave precisely at that hour.
For Information as regards Rates of Passage, of Freights, &c., please apply at the Agency of the Company, 77 Calle 25 de Mayo.
ABRAHAM ROBINSON.
Cargo will in future be received on board the Arno for Rio, Bahia, and Pernambuco, at £3 10s. per ton of 40 cubic feet.

Liverpool, Antwerp, Brazil, and River Plate Steamers.

Hipparchus	1704 tons.	Memnon	1209 tons.
Tycho Brae	1704 "	Thales	1153 "
Kepler	1499 "	Cassini	836 "
Galileo	1525 "	Flamsteed	1376 "
Newton	1074 "	Copernicus	1393 "
Ptolemy	1115 "	Saturn	510 "
Halley	1347 "	La Place	1213 "
Humboldt	1346 "	Donati	1213 "

SS. HUMBOLDT, 1346 TONS REGISTER, CAPTAIN MARKWELL.
The above Steamer will be despatched for Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Lisbon, and Liverpool (calling at Montevideo) on
SATURDAY, 23RD MARCH.
Cargo received on board until the evening of the 22nd March.
Parcels and specie [on which freight must be prepaid] will be received at the agents' office up to Three o'Clock on day of sailing.
This Steamer has excellent accommodation for saloon and forward passengers. Apply to the consignees, Messrs. Darbyshire, Krabbé, & Co.; or to
JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
56 Calle San Martin.

Succeeding steamer ss. Halley, 1347 tons register, Captain Johnson.
181 | xp,m20

Buenos Ayres Debating and Literary Society.
A few gentlemen having been elected to form a Provisional Committee for the purpose of forming a Buenos Ayres Debating and Literary Society, request all who are favorable to the idea to attend a general meeting to be held in the School-room of the English Church, Calle 25 Mayo, at 8 o'clock on Friday evening, the 22nd inst. for the purpose of forwarding the scheme.
A. HASLEHUST,
Secretary of the Provisional Committee.
Buenos Ayres, March 18th, 1867.

Notice.
The undersigned begs to inform the Public that he has given full power of attorney to Mr. Paul Frugoni to act as Agent for the Briton Medical and General Insurance Association, during his absence in Europe.
March 19, 1867. GEORGE WILKS.
130, 6p, M 20.

Paul Frugoni,
Sworn Attorney and Public Translator.
Office, 15 Calle Victoria,
Open from Ten A.M. till Four P.M,
133 | 1m,m20

Temperance Address
A public meeting of the Buenos Ayres Temperance Society will be held at the American Church on the evening of Thursday next at 7½. An Address will be delivered by Rev. J. F. Thompson, after which several short speeches will be made on both sides of the question of Tee-totalism. The public are invited to attend.
BY ORDER.
Buenos Ayres, March 19, 1867.

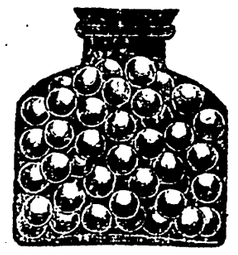
ESPINOSA & KYLE,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
CORNER OF
CALLE TUCUMAN AND FLORIDA.
The Dispensing Department, under the personal superintendence of Mr. JOHN J. J. KYLE, late Principal Assistant in the Laboratories of the University of Glasgow and the Edinburgh School of Medicine.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
PATENT & FAMILY MEDICINES.
FORMERLY
BOTICA DE MARENCO.
93 | 1m,m15

Important to Ladies and Gentlemen and the Trade.
Just arrived from England a choice Selection of Fancy Articles suitable for Presents, &c., comprising Ladies' Companions; most tastefully furnished and of great variety—Gentlemen's Cigar Cases—Dressing Cases and Purses—the newest style and some very beautiful Opera and Field Glasses of great power and long sights, suitable for Camp, &c.—also Gentlemen's Courier and Ladies Morocco Leather Bags—Card Cases, a small assortment of the newest and finest patterns.
Robert Muir & Co., 162 Calle Defensa.
87 | 6p,m16

Al Comercio.
La sociedad de Barker y Bayá queda disuelta de mútuo convenio, quedando el activo y pasivo á cargo de Don Eduardo Barker. Buenos Aires, Marzo 11 de 1867.
LUIS BAYA, EDUARDO BARKER.

Notice.
Through effluxion of Contract Mr. John Richards' connexion with the undersigned ceased this day.
The Uruguay Pastoral Association, Limited.
J. Harris, Manager.—Bichadero, Rio Negro, Banda Oriental. February 28, 1867 92 10p

BRISTOL'S
SUGAR-COATED PILLS.



Purely Vegetable.
The need of a safe perfectly reliable purgative medicine has long been felt by the public and it is a source of great satisfaction to us that we can, with confidence, recommend our **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills**, as combining all the essentials of a safe, thorough and agreable family cathartic. They are prepared from the very finest quality of medicinal roots, herbs, and plants, the active principles or parts that contain the medicinal value being chemically separated from the inert and useless fibrous portions that contain no virtue whatever. Among those medicinal agents we may name PODOPHYLLIN, which has been proved to possess a most wonderful power over the *Liver*, and all the billious secretions. This in combination with LEPTANDRIN and other highly valuable vegetable extracts and drugs, constitutes a purgative Pill that is greatly superior to any medicine of the kind heretofore offered to the public. **Bristol's Vegetable Sugar-coated Pills** will be found a safe and speedy remepy in all such cases as
Piles. Headache Jaundice, Bad Breath, Foul Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Habitual Costiveness, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Heartburn and Flatulency, Dropsy of Limbs or Body, Female Irregularties, And all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.
In diseases which have their origin in the blood, **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**—that best of blood purifiers—should be used with the Pills; the two medicines being prepared expressly to act in harmony together. When this is done faithfully, we have no hesitation in saying that great relief, and in most cases a cure, can be guaranteed when the patient is not already beyond human help.
For general directions and table of doses, see the wrapper around each phial.
SOLE PROPIETORS,
LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
NEW YORK.

On Sale.
Several Tons Best White Cotton Waste for Engine purposes. Apply to Robert Muir & Co., 162 Calle Defensa. 87 | 6p.m16

Nurse.
MRS. M. ISARD offers her services as Nurse in Rosario or Buenos Ayres. References—Dr. Leslie, Buenos Ayres; Rev. Thomas Carter, Rosario. Address Mrs. M. Isard, Rosario.
138 | 3m,f22

Anteojos y cristales de roca.
Para todas vistas y edades, garantidos por el verdadero cristal de roca tan célebre por su propiedad de conservar la vista, y por lo mismo muy recomendado por los médicos á las personas de vista cansada ó meope, aunque su precio es mas subido que el del cristal ordinario, viene á ser mas económico, por la razon que siendo piedra no se raya y se rompe dificilmente, dichos cristales pueden engarzarse en cualquier armazon, y por efecto hay un magnifico y variadisimo surtido de aros de acero, carey, plata, oro, etc.
El precio del cristal de roca es de 100$ m|c. el par para los Nos. arriba del 6 y 150 y 200 para los bajos.
En el mismo establecimiento se ha recibido ultimamente un gran y lindo surtido de Gemelos de teatro, de todos gustos y precios, desde 100$ hasta 1,500$ m|c., como tambien de marina, de mayo alcance posible y de los mejores fabricantes.
En el conocido establecimiento de óptica
38,—CALLE RIVADAVIA,—38.
Frente al Café del Plata. 78 | 8p.m.16.

FERRO-CARRIL DEL OESTE
POR ORDEN DE LA COMISION,
La Administracion previene al público que desde el 1º de Marzo el Servicio de los trenes será como sigue, tanto los dias de fiesta como de trabajo:
SALDRAN DEL PARQUE

El 1º	A Chivilcoy	á las	7 de la mañana
El 2º	A Moron	á las	8 de la mañana
El 3º	A Moreno	á las	10 de la mañana
El 4º	A Chivilcoy	á las	2 de la tarde
El 5º	A Moron	á las	4 de la tarde
El 6º	A Moreno	á las	5 de la tarde

Y LOS REGRESOS SERAN

El 1º	de Moreno sale á las	7 30	llega á las	9	
El 2º	de Moron sale á las	10	llega á las	11	
El 3º	de Chivil'y sale á las	6 30	llega á las	12	
El 4º	de Moron sale á las	1 30	P. M.	3	
El 5º	de Chivil'y sale á las	1 30	P. M.	7	15
El 6º	de Moron sale á las	7	P. M.	8	

ESTANCIA del ESPARTILLAR.
Se venderá esta magnifica Estancia en fracciones á su totalidad, que se compone de 6 1|6 leguas cuadradas, sita en el partido de Ranchos, á una legua de este pueblo y 5 del de Chascomus. El establecimiento principal consiste de una hermosa casa de azotea, un gran galpon con techo de Ripia y cinco casas para la gente trabajadora, etc. Montes, 20 cuadras de alfalfares y maizales, 240 cuadras cuadradas cercadas de alambre para las majadas finas. Hay 37 puestos de ladrillo, techos de Ripia, con sus respectivas cocinas, corrales todos en perfecto estado, muchos de ellos con sus alfalfares. Tiene 80,000 ovejas finas mestizas y dos mil animales vacunos, incluyendo un padre de mestizo inglés. Las majadas de este establecimiento, por mas de 10 años bajo la hábil administracion del Señor Don Patricio Reid han adquirido una reputacion bien merecida pues, en el año 1865 el rinde de lana fué á razon de 6 7/12 animales por arroba, dos majadas finas se componen de animales importados directamente por el dueño, y entre ellos se hallan de la mas afamada cabaña de Alemania, de la cabaña imperial de Rambouillet y los primeros criadores en este establecimiento, son buscados no solamente en esta Provincia pero tambien en las del Interior y la Banda Oriental y aun han sido mandados hasta Chile.
Las ventajas que goza este establecimiento por la proximidad al ferro-carril del Sud en Chascomus son muy grandes, pues este año la lana salia por la mañana del Espartillar y llegaba á la plaza Constitubion á la tarde. la economia en los gastos y el ahorro de tiempo son incalculables.
Para tratar ocurran al No. 7 calle Bolivar plaza Victoria. 85 | 1mo,m15

To Let.
Several good Furnished Apartments; Board if required Apply at 239 Calle Defensa.
110 | 1m,m17

To Let.
Furnished Apartments, at 90 Calle Parque.
100 | 12p,m16

To let.
One or three furnished rooms, with balcony to the plaza 25 de Mayo, at the calle Rivadavia.
104 | 6p,m16

Apartments to Let,
Three or four comfortable Apartments to let at 6 Calle Cuyo. 160 | 1m,f26

Wanted.
For an Office in town, a Young Man of 15 or 16 years of age, who speaks and writes both Spanish and English. Address D. W., Mackern Brothers. 143 | 6p m22

Wanted.
A working Manager for a Sheepbreeding Establishment; none but a thoroughly practical man need apply. Apply at 83 Calle Parque.
141 | 3p,m22

Situation Wanted.
Wanted, by a young Man a situation as Cook; first-class references. Address X.Y.Z., this office.
144 | 3p,m22

Wanted,
A Maidservant, for the Bichadero Estancia, B. O. Apply at 144 Reconquista. 121 | 3p.m.20

Employment.
Wanted by a young Englishman who has been four years in the country, a situation in some Mercantile house, in any capacity in which he could make himself useful; understands Book-keeping. Salary not so much of an object as a permanent situation. Address X.Y.Z., this office.
124 | 3p,m 20

Situation Wanted.
A young German not long in the country, speaks English and some Spanish, wants employment as a Servant in a Store or Waiter in a family. Address F.J., this office. 123 | 3p,m20

Board and Lodging
Required in a quiet family by an English Married Couple. Address B.B., this office. 126 | 6p,m20

Wanted.
A Cash and Book-keeper; must speak Spanish and English. Undoubted references required. Apply at 12 Maypu. 109 | 6p,m17

Wanted.
A Good Servant, who understands Cooking, at 193 Chacabuco. 117 | 6p,m17

REMATE
POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST
De la preciosa propiedad perteneciente al Sr. D. José M. Suarez, situada en la calle larga de Barracas, al pié de la Barranca de Balcarce y frente á la de los Sres. Cambaceres, dividida en lotes.
POR LIQUIDACION.
El Domingo 31 del corriente, á las 11 en punto de la mañana, se han de rematar sin falta alguna, á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, la pintoresca propiedad arriba designada, dividida del modo siguiente: la casa principal donde hoy está el Colegio de Pongerard, con 11 habitaciones; un jardin y espaciosa huerta con frutas ricas, estanque y demas adornos; 5 lotes seguidos con casas y frente á la calle larga de Barracas, entrando en uno de ellos el hermoso pino que tiene 160 años de existencia y que con su frondosa copa forma un precioso comedor para la estacion del Estio; 15 lotes en seguida, situados sobre las calles nuevamente abiertas y uno con casa enfrentando la casa que fué del Almirante Brown. Planos litografiados designando los lotes y sus dimensiones se podrán obtener ocurriendo desde el martes próximo á casa del Rematador, calle de Potosí N. 70.
La calle larga de Barracas va pronto á ser iluminada á gas, empedrada ó macademizada, y será á no dudarlo el mas precioso "Boulovard" de la ciudad de Buenos Ayres. 112 | p. m.17

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST,
Del bergantin Canadiense "Porto Rico" de Montreal, Capitan W. M. Someville, de porte de 232 toneladas de registro y 220 de carga.
En el estado en que se encuentra barado á una legua mas abajo del puerto del Paraná de órden de su Capitan y con autorizacion del Sr. Cónsul de S. M. B.
La venta tendrá lugar en el Paseo de Julio, frente á la casa de los Sres. Llavallol.
El martes 26 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, el espresado bergantin "Porte Rico" barado á una legua mas abajo del puerto del Paraná. Este hermoso fué construido en Montreal bajo la inspecion de de los agentes de Lloyd para ser clasificado A. I. por 7 años, fué votado al agua el 21 de mayo de 1866, apenas tiene 9 meses de construido, todos sus aparejos, velamen, y demas maniobra flamante y de los mejores materiales, toda la jarcia es de alambre de fierro, clavados en cobre, tiene 4 anclas 3 cadenas y un bote. Los muebles y utiles de cámara flamantes y bien provista, la cocina y bateria lo mismo. La venta se efectuará aquí en el lugar, dia y hora designado arriba y deberán recibirse los compradores del buque el lunes siguiento al dia de la venta.
En casa del ramatador se puede ver é inspecionar, el modelo porque fué construido este lindo bergantin que cuenta hoy tan solo 9 meses de vida. Las personas que se interese en la adquisicion de este clipper tiene sobrado tiempo para ir á mandarlo ver antes del dia del remate.
66 | xp m13

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
De la pintoresca, importante y productiva isla conocida por el nombre de Colon, en el arroyo Carachapay, una de las muchas que forman le Delta Argentino, de órden de su propietario, Don José Vila.
El Lunes 25 del corriente, á la 1 en punto del dia, se ha de rematar sin falta alguna, á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, esta preciosa isla muy productiva por la cantidad y variedad de sus esquisitas frutas, formando una area de terreno de 300 varas de frente y fondo de una legua y mas de estension, con una casa de alto para habitacion, muy cómoda, conteniendo un vasto plantio de peras, manzanas, damascos, pavias, parrales, membrillos, todos estos árboles con injertos de lo mas rico y variado que hay en frutas. En el Tigre habrá botes para conducir á los compradores que deberán salir de esta en el tren de las 10, que sale de la estacion 25 de Mayo á las 9 y 45 minutos; y en la isla habrá "un dejeuner á la fourchette" preparado. 63 | p. m.12.

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
De la existencia de la Fábrica, Graseria y jaboneria conocida por del "Globo" calle Larga de Barracas, quinta de Aleaga.
De órden de la comision liquidadora y con autorizacion del Tribunal de Comercio.
El jueves 28 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado todos los útiles y existencia de dicha fábrica á saber:
20 á 30 toneladas carbon de piedra, 38 barricas resina, sebo, jabon, fejes, tachos de varias dimensiones, galpones de madera con techos de zinc pipas y bordalesas vacias, 200 á 300 cajones para sebo, conchas para enfriar jabon, carros, caballos de tiro para id. balanzas, un filtro para aceite con todos sus útiles y demas enseres del establecimiento cuyo pormenor se omite por su larga estencion. 144 | xp m21

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
En la barraca del Sr. D. Guillermo Beltran en Barracas, contigua á la del Sr. D. José G. Balcarse.
De 173 fardos lana con alguna averia salvados del naufragio de la Barraca Austriaca "Anfitrite"
De orden del Sr. Consul general de Austria, por cuenta de quien pertenezcan.
El Sabado 23 del corfiente a las 9 en punto de de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, 103 fardos lana averiada que se abrieron y se secó sucita.
42 fardos idem con menos averia, 28 idem idem en mal estado.
Formado en todo cosmo 5000 y pico de arrobas las que se venderán infaliblemente á la hora en punto arriba indicada. 138 | xp,m21

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST
En su casa calle de Potosí núm. 70.
De 300 macetas con camelias, magnolias y azaleas recien llegadas de Francia,
El miercoles 27 del corriente á las 11 en punto á la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna dela mas alta postura y dinero de contado.
300 macetas camelias llenas en su mayor parte de botones y en colores sentidos, magnolias, grandi-floras, azaleas y rododendrums. Es una coleccion selecta que se acaba de recibir directamente de Francia y de mucha variedad en los colores.
140—xp,m21

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST
En la casa de comercio de los Sres. P. E. Hartenfels é hijos, calle de San Martin No. 154, de artículos navales.
El Miercoles 27 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar infaliblemente á la mas alta postura y bajo condiciones que se estipularán los siguientes articulos navales.
Brea negra, id rubia, lona americana No. 6 y 10, id francesa, id inglesa del no. 0 hasta 6 idem de Rusia no. 1 á 6, lona para catres, hilo de coser de patento; aceite de linaza, clavos botidas, cola superior, cabo de Manila No. 1 y 2 idem alquitranado, palas americanas de acero, balanzas decimales y muchos otros articulos que estaran á la vista.
Al mismo tiempo.
14 cajones porcelana francesa. 138 | xp,m21

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
En el Paseo Julio frente á la casa de los Sres. Llavallol.
De la Barca Klipper, austriac "Anfitrite", capitan Lorenzo Chiavelli de porte de 630 tons. de carga, forrada y clavada en metal amarillo, en el estado en que está encallada, á inmediaciones de la Usina del Gás.
De órden del Sr. Cénsul General de Austria.
El martes 26 del corriente á las 12 en punto de la mañana se ha de rematar sin falta alguna en un solo lote, á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado.
La barca Cuipper Austriaca "Anfitrite" de solo 5 años de vida, con toda su arboladura, velamen y maniobra completa y nueva, faltando tan solo las anclas y cadenas, con vergas y palos de repuesto, tiene tres depósitos de fierro para agua de la capacidad de 12 pipas clasificado por el Veritas frances 3/3 a I.I. Estaba cargada de fardos de lana y pronta á darse á la vela, cuando acaeció el temporal que la arrojo á la costa.
129—xp m20.

Bate & Livingston,
Importers and Commission merchants.—Receive orders for United States for any class of Goods; 60 & 64 Calle San Martin.
134 | xp m20

Mr. William Cooper,
Is requested to call at 200 Calle Rivadavia, where he will hear of something interesting to him.
118 | 6p,m17

A Splendid Chance for Sheepfarmers.
For Sale.
Two leagues of Splendid Camps [the choice given out of six leagues] not far distant from Rosario de Santa Fe. Sheep or Cattle taken in part or whole payment. For further particulars apply to Kean and Goerke, corner of Calle Aduana and Rioja. 2m 157—j19

RIVER PLATE
TELEGRAPH COMPANY
(LIMITED).
BUENOS AYRES
AND
MONTEVIDEO.
On and after the 1ST JANUARY, 1867, the Tariff will be as follows:—
Names and Address, with Ten Words ..... 2 Nat. Dol. or $50 m|c.
For every additional Ten Words ..... 1 Nat. Dol. or $25 m|c.
To and from Colonia, and other parts of the Line, the same Rates will be charged.
In the above Tariff
NO REDUCTION
CAN BE MADE
ON PRESS OR OTHER MESSAGES.
BY ORDER,
JOHN OLDHAM,
Superintendent and Engineer

Central Uruguay Railway.
The undersigned have been appointed agents in this city, by the Montevidean Directory, to enrol subscribers for this great national enterprise.
Prospectus, etc. can be seen at this office,
M. G. and E. T. MULHALL,
STANDARD Office, Buenos Ayres.

British School and Academy,
447—CALLE PERU—447,
OPENED 11TH MARCH, 1867.
ROBERT BIRD, RECTOR,
A. COURTOIS, VICE-RECTOR.
65 | 15p,m13

Notice of Removal.
Kean & Goerke, Ship Chandlers, Grocers, &c., beg to acquaint their Friends, Customers, and the Public in general, that they have removed their business from the Store corner of Calles Rioja and Aduana to the new large and commodious Store 76, 78, and

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF W. MATTI & CO.,

30—CALLE CANGALLO—30.

For MONTEVIDEO, the English steamer

Rio Parana,

Will leave on Mondays at 6 p.m. returning on Thursdays.

For SALTO and all the intermediate Ports, the English steamer

Rio Parana,

Will leave on Thursdays at 9 a.m. returning on Mondays.

FOR MERCEDES

Passengers will embark in the Rio Parana to be transhipped to the steamer Mini at 5 p.m.

FOR GUALEGUAYCHU

Passengers will embark in the Rio Parana on Thursday to be transhipped to the steamer Guazu at 2 p.m.

For PARANA and SANTA FE, the steamer

Tala,

Will leave on Sundays at 9.30 a.m. returning on Fridays.

FOR GUALEGUAY

Passengers will embark in the Tala on Sunday to be transhipped to the steamer Doloreitas returning on Mondays.

For PARANA and SANTA FE, the steamer

Ybicuy,

Will leave on Tuesdays at 9.45 a.m., returning on Sundays.

For CORRIENTES and the intermediate Ports, the steamers

Esmeralda and Espigador,

Will leave alternately at 10 a.m. on Thursdays returning on Mondays.

For CORRIENTES and the intermediate Ports, the steamer

Cisne,

Will leave on ——— at 10 a.m.

For all particulars as to freight and passage money apply at the agency of G. Matti and Co. 30 Cangallo.

N. B.—The public is reminded that those paying in paper money are charged 4 rls. m|c per patacon, over the current price, on account of the fluctuating state of the market.

No parcels taken on the day of sailing.

118 | xp F25.

Select Catholic Books.

Cardinal Wiseman's Religious and Social Position of Catholics, Sermons on our Lord and the Blessed Virgin Mary, Sermons on Moral Subjects, Recollections of the Last Four Popes, Lectures on Science and Revealed Religion, Lectures on Blessed Eucharist, Life of Christ, Life of Blessed Virgin Mary, Pictorial Half Hours with the Saints, Fabiola, a Tale of the Catacombs.

A large assortment Catholic Prayer Books, Lives of the Saints, $1 each, Catholic Divinity, Christian Brothers', School Books, &c., &c.

MACKERN BROTHERS, 44 SAN MARTIN.

102 | 6p,dw,m17

Nearly Four Thousand Novels.

Just unpacked a selection from Peterson's last Catalogue of the best and most popular authors of fiction, cheap paper covered editions, comprising the latest productions of Charles Dickens, Miss Bremer, Smedley, Miss Pardoe, Charles Lever, Mrs. Southworth (one of the best of American writers, Aimard, D'Israeli, Mrs. H. Wood, Judge Halliburton, Wilkie Collins, Captain Marryatt, Mrs. Gray, Harry Cockton, G. W. M. Reynolds, Ainsworth, Miss Thackeray, Dumas, Eugene Sue, Maxwell, George Sand, H. Morton, Mrs. Stephens, and several others, besides Lives of Lincoln, Johnson, Grant, &c., Lectures of Lola Montez, Lives of Celebrated Highwaymen, Sea Tales, Humorous Works, Books of Fun, Cookery Books, &c., &c.

MACKERN BROTHERS, 44 SAN MARTIN.

101 | 10p,dw,m17

R. M. Ross,

Engineer, Machinist, and Boiler Maker,
Smith Work in General,
CALLE ADUANA, ROSARIO.

96 | 6pw,m20

Sewing Machines.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and best inventions, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW.

206—Venezuela—206.

"THE RURAL CODE."

[In English.]

AND PUBLIC LANDS-LAW.

Now on SALE at this Office.

Price $20 m|c.

COD FISH.

A quantity of Fine Scotch Cured Codfish, on sale at

MOORE, PUNCH, & TUDOR'S, 83 PERU.

107 | 15p,m17

MURRAY & LANMAN'S

CELEBRATED

FLORIDA WATER.

This exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Blooming Tropical Flowers of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inexhaustible; while its influence on the SKIN is most refreshing, imparting a delightful buoyancy to the overtaxed Body and Mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For

PAINTING TURNS,
NERVOUSNESS,
HEADACHE
DEBILITY,
AND
HYSTERIA,

It is a sure and speedy relief. With the very *elite* of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, for soft delicacy of flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin

ROUGHNESS, BLOTCHES,
SUN BURN, PIMPLES,
AND FRECKLES.

It is as delicious as the Otto of Roses, and lends freshness and beautiful transparency to the complexion. Diluted with water it makes the best dentifree, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving.

COUNTERFITS.

Beware of Imitations. Look for the name of Murray & Lanman on the bottle, wrapper, and ornamental label. Prepared only by

LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
69, 71, & 73 Water St.,
NEW YORK.

☞ For Sale at every Druggist's in town.

70—,n31xp

J. RAUNHEIM,

CHIROPODIST,

170—*CALLE CUYO*—170.

Feels great pleasure in again introducing himself (after an absence of six years) to the respectable Public of Buenos Aires, cordially inviting all who suffer from Corns, Bunions, irregular Toe-Nails, or other diseases of the Feet, to pay him a visit at any hour from 8 to 11 a.m., or from 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays and holidays from 8 a.m. to 3 p.m.

All operations performed with the greatest despatch, without pain or loss of blood, and a perfect cure guaranteed in every instance. Prices moderate. Consultation gratis. 34 | 1m m9

Brandenburg Fieres No. 1 Cognac,

FOR SALE AT

ZIMMERMANN, FAIR, & CO.'S,

56 RINCON, MONTEVIDEO.

123 | 1m,f21

SANTA-FE RACING CLUB.

SANTA-FE RACES.

1st. AUTUMN NEETING

To be held at Roldan on Monday the 25 of March next.

Stewards—C. Binns.....Esq.
Carlos Grognet..... "
W. Kemmis..... "
Frank Goodrich..... "
Charles Talbot..... "
E. Tietjen..... "
S. Ibarlucea..... "
A. Zubelzu..... "
R. A. Seymour..... "
Judge—Robert Ogilvie..... "
Starter—W. Wheatly..... "
Sec. & Treasurer—J. S. Cunningham..... "

First Races

1 o'clock P. M. A flat Race. Entrance 10$ boliv. each with 100$ added. Weight 10 stones 7 lbs. each. The winner to pay 25$ to the Fund. 10 squares.

Seconde race.

1 30 o' P. M. The Santa-Fé Steeplechase. Entrance 15$ bol. each with 200$ added. Weight 12st. each. The winner to pay 40$ to the fund. 20 squares.

Third Race.

2 o' P. M. The Rosario stakes. A flat race. Entrance 20$ each with 300$ added. Weight 11st. 7 lb. each. The winner to pay 60$ to the fund, the second to save his stakes. 20 squares.

Fourth Race.

2 30 o' P. M. A steeplechase. Entrance 10$ each with 100$ added. Weight 11st. each. The winner to pay 25$ to the fund. 15 squares.

CONDITIONS.

Every race to be ridden by Gentlemen riders, as qualified by the Stewards.

All disputes to be referred to the Stewards, whose decision will be final in every case.

Jockeys are obliged to ride in Top boots, White breeches, silk jacket & cap.

Entries to be made in writing addressed to the Secretary of the "Santa-Fé Racing Club" 43 Messrs. Baker & Templeton's, calle Aduana —Rosario, enclosing the entrance money and giving full particulars of the color & marks of the horses as well as the colors of the riders; on or before 8 o'clock P. M. of the 1st. of March next.

Unless three horses start no added money will be given in any of the above races.

N. B.—Newmarket rules strictly adhered to.

The Central Argentine Railway Co. will run a special train to the Race Course, leaving Rosario at 11 A. M.

Rosario, 21st January 1867.

ALEXANDER FULTON & Co.,

Respectfully call the attention of their Town and Country Customers to their large assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season.

Ladies Black Silk Mantles, a Large assortment of Dress Goods, Winceys, Merinos, Muslin de Laines, Alpaccas, Barelle, Flannels, Blankets, Sheetings, Calicoes, Long Cloths, Diapers, Hosiery, Stays, Prints, and many other articles.

Men's Tweed Suits, Coats, Vests, Pants, Windsor Cord Pants, Cotton do, Moleskin do, Boy's Linen and Tweed Suits, Bedford Cord, Windsor Cord, Cotton do, Shirts, Hosiery, Crimea Shirts at

25 & 27 Calle Defensa, 25 & 27.

☞ N.B. Clothes made to Order on the premises.

3a—xp

COMMERCIAL SOCIETY.

FEDERICO LIEFRINK & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS AND COMMISSIONERS FOR

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCES,
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The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

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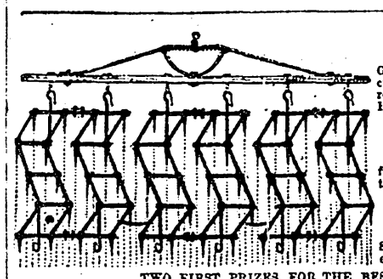

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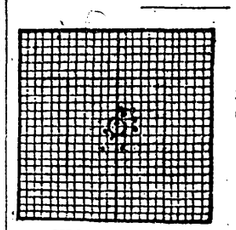

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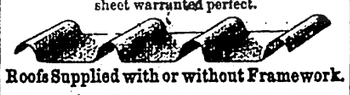

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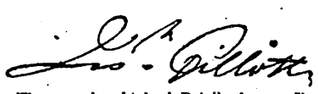

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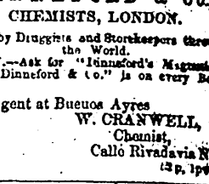
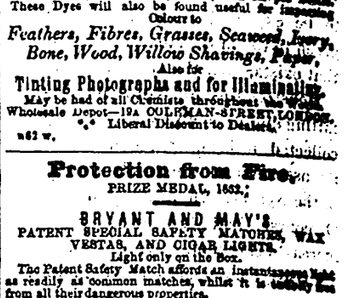
ORWELL WORKS, IPSWICH,

9, GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDRES.



MAQUINAS DE VAPOR PORTATILES

TRILLADERAS DE VAPOR CON APARATOS PARA DESPEDAZAR Y MACHACAR LA PAJA.



BOMBAS DE VAPOR, PARA OBRAS DE RIEGO.

MOLINOS DE HARINA.

MOLINOS DE FORRAJE PARA MAJAR AVENA, FRIJOLES, ZARAZA Y MAIZ.

ARADOS PARA CABALLOS, DOS MULAS, Ó BUEYES.

INGENIEROS Y FABRICANTES DE,

Arados de Vapor y arados para caballos adaptados especialmente para America meridional.
Maquinas de Vapor portatiles y maquinas de vapor con movimiento espontaneo.
Maquinas de Vapor estacionarias.
Trilladeras de Vapor de patente, con aparato para machacar la paja.
Maquinas para trillar por medio de Noria.
Molinos de harina.
Molinos para majar avena, frijoles y maiz.
Maquinaria para preparar comido para alimento del ganado.

Las trilladeras de patente de los Señores Ransome y Sims, armadas con aparato para despedazar la paja, son empleadas extensivamente en España, Mejico, Egipto y Turquia, y adaptadas, sobre todo, para los paises donde el grano se apacenta con la paja. Testimoniales, cuando preguntadas.

LAS ORDENES SE PUEDEN TRASMITIR POR MEDIO DE CUALQUIERA CASE DE COMERCIO Ó AGENTE, TENIENDO CORRESPONSAL EN INGLATER